



Cost-effective and innovative solar energy integration in stock and new buildings - how to generate revenue with your building façade and roof

### Standardisation / Qualification of BIPV system

SESSION II: Supporting tools to help implementation of the innovative solar solutions

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## Advanced standardization schemes to support BIPV

- 1. Status of BIPV in current standardization schemes
- 2. Overcome barriers and identification of differentiating features
- 3. Develop and promote dedicated procedures to support BIPV
- 4. Results and expectations
- 5. Next steps to support BIPV growth





## 1. Status of BIPV in current standardization schemes

- Innovation and beskope elements in current standards
  - BIPV is an alien (as any innovation or tailor-made solutions from standard point of view)
  - > Building part
  - > Energy part
  - > Any other contribution to assess ?
- Normative framing area
  - CPR and building codes (ETAG, national requirements..)
  - IEC 61215 / 61730 + EN 50583
- Report of the situation
  - No "standard land" with a lack of connections
  - No harmonization







#### Status of BIPV in current standardization schemes 1.

Example of assessment approach PV / BIPV







## 2. Overcome barriers and identification of differentiating features

- What has to be assessed, addressed by an active building part
- Primary functions to be filled
- Building contribution

   User protection and safety
   Mechanical stability
   Insulation
   Air management
   Durability ...
  - Electric contribution

     Electric safety
     Durability
     Energy management

Combination of both, how to assess multifunctionality ?
 Highlight features
 Definition of NTP to support specific and fair value assessment
 Usable and explicit results







# 2. Overcome barriers and identification of differentiating features

New working pathway to develop specific BIPV assessment solution Validate this NTP by experimentation (indoor and outdoor) Realistic test conditions / system wide

Most demanding requirements







# 3. Develop and promote dedicated procedures to support BIPV

- Properly assess the differentiating elements
  - NTP appropriate and suitable for BIPV
  - Operating conditions as a key factor
- complete/renew procedures adapted to new components Results and expectations
  - Address specific contribution of BIPV
  - Take into account of fields not yet evaluated
  - Close ties between building/electrotechnic parts (to not start from scratch)
  - More demanding procedure to validate all cases (worst case tested)

Cost-e



# 3. Develop and promote dedicated procedures to support BIPV – Energy Economy (Tecnalia)

#### **Achievements:**

- NTP EE01: Determination of thermal transmittance (U value) for BIPV glazed components depending on temperatures, JB
- NTP EE02: SHGC value of BIPV glasses depending on electricity extraction, solar cells transmittance/density, JB
- Maximum temperature in PV-IGU



> BIPV contribution on building energy management

BIPY



# 3. Develop and promote dedicated procedures to support BIPV – Electrical safety (Supsi)

#### **Achievements:**

- NTP EL01: Determination of BIPV maximum temperatures in non-conventional scenarios and shadowing effects
- NTP EL02: Electrical insulation monitoring under ageing stress and time reduction in main ageing tests
- NTP EL03 : Test adequacy of the thermal design and long-term reliability of the bypass diodes



> Reduce number of samples, tests simplification, reduction of test duration





# 3. Develop and promote dedicated procedures to support BIPV – Mechanical safety (Supsi)

#### **Achievements:**

- NTP MECH01: Determination of BIPV impact resistance under temperature stresses
  - Procedure for different product families
  - Gathering of effects on different product classes and temperatures (cells/glass breakage, insulation)



> Different product families, climate influence on mechanical resistance

BIPY



## 3. Develop and promote dedicated procedures to support BIPV – Fire safety (CSTB)

#### **Achievements:**

- NTP FR01: Determination of BIPV fire resistance ROOF under severe condition
- NTP FR01: Determination of BIPV fire resistance FACADE under severe condition

Demonstrate BIPV performance threshold as traditional building component with electricity load stress applied on each BIPV category.



> No additional fire risks under severe conditions, increase confidence in BIPV





## 3. Develop and promote dedicated procedures to support BIPV – Fire safety (CSTB)







#### Develop and promote dedicated procedures to 3. support BIPV – Fire safety (CSTB)

• From Fire point of view

	$Av.(R_0)$	$Av.load.(R_1)$	Std.dev.
FIGRA(0.2) W/s	1161.3	1017.3	-101
THR(600) M	21.3	14.7	-4.6
SMOGRA cm2/s2	27.1	18.4	-6.2
TSP(600) m2	61.5	35.8	-20,7
Potential classification	Av.	Av.load	Trend
Class	Е	Е	=
Smoke production	s2	s1	Λ
Flaming droplet/particule	s d2	d2	=

Potential classification **Propagation time** External prop. time Classification

Av.	Av.load	Trend
Tp > 30 min	Tp > 30 min	=
$TE = 30 \min$	$TE = 30 \min$	=
B ROOF (t3)	B ROOF (t3)	=

COLOR CODE		
	ENERGY	
	ELECTRICITY	
	MECHANICAL	
	FIRE	



From electric point of view



No discontinuity No electric arc Passed test Validated methodology

 $R_{fr} = \frac{R_1}{R_0} > 1$ 





## 4. Results and expectations

- Goals identification, Problems to be solved and solution
- Investigation on useful results
  - Test procedure
  - Equipment description
  - Test execution and main results
  - Pass/fail tests validated

Labs can tackle fully BIPV elements and perform tests

Test combinations require extension accreditations

- Time and cost saving by conducting combined test at a single place
- Tie linked and based on current standards
- Joint group to handle these progress in normative revisions



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### 4. Results and expectations - demonstration



• Bifacial canopy



• Si and CIGS veture kit



• Curtain walls / Façade kit



• Bifacial balustrade









### 4. Results and expectations

#### Mockups to validate in the field results and demonstration

- Bifacial balustrade
  - Analysis of self-shading
  - effect on bypass activation and yield
- Veture kit
  - Analysis of temperature profiles (including JB due to shading)
  - Monitoring of moisture conditions in different solutions

#### Roof tile

• Electrical performance and yield analysis







## 4. Results and expectations

- Indoor tests validation
  - NTP carried out and results analyzed to characterize BIPV-specific behaviors
  - Compliancy with demo case requirements and local building codes or licenses
- Outdoor tests and monitoring activity
  - Mounting and operating condition check
  - In service performance measurement to support manufacturing
- Pass/fail tests validated
  - NTP developed in the current framework
  - Test-like standards (not a revolution)
  - Labs appropriation and interest (extend market share)

EU projects / IEA PVPS T15 / JWG 11 / Revision groups and new emerging projects

- Joint group to handle these progress in normative revisions (from national to international network)
- Dissemination !! Contribution to provide inputs in as large as possible network dealing with BIPV
  - Scientific dissemination
  - International network
  - Standardization groups





## 5. Next steps to support BIPV growth

- To go ahead to finalize and to consolidate NTPs for:
  - attesting to sustainability
  - attesting to reliability
  - prove the positive contributions made by BIPV
  - Trust in multifunctionality brought by BIPV components
  - •
- NTPs have to cost and time saving in consideration for lab appropriation
- Insurance validation as a key point
- Stakeholder recognition
- Standard implementation (currently // work conducted by many experts involved in this project)



## Thank you

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